STAT



## THE RIVER PLANT

Coografiya [Coography], Vol VI, No 1, Jenuary 1964. Sofia, Pages 1 - 4 Tranho Yordanos

The flattest and most fertile part of the Bulgarian territory is the Plovdiv plain, particularly its southwestern sections around Erickin village. This plain is famous for its abundant production of high quality fruit, grapes and vegetables, not only all over Bulgaria, but also abroad, far beyond the borders of the country.

The Erichim plain is located in the lowest part of the valleys of the Yucha and Stara Beks rivers, which run from the western arms of the Rhodope to the Maritsa River. On the south it touches the steep slopes of the Rhodope, near Erichim village, and on the west it is bounded by the Bessparski hills, which are as high as 400 m in altitide. Buring the summer, these bare, yellow line hills form a sharp contrast to the Erichim plain, covered with thick and advandant greenery. On the east the plain touches the low hills near historical Perushtitan village, and on the north the plain widens out and merges as an inseparable put into the wast Ploydiv plain.

The greatest length of the Krichin plain, from Krichin village to the Frichin railroad station by the Maritea River, is about 15 km. In the protor, particularly around Eartove Konare village, the plain narrows with, but is much wider at both its ends. From the feethills of the handese mountains the plain widens to the west and marges with the small plain in the valley of the Stara River near Imperikheve village which includes parts of the lands of Konarsho and Syaga villages, Poshtora Choliya. The Erichin plain has an everall area of about 80 eq km. Its surface is entirely flat, and is slightly inclined

to the northwest, toward the Kars or Street. Its altitude to about 900 s. The picta is covered with deposits from the Tests and Stars and Pictars. Specific part is many family or thick allevial deposits, elept, and sand in places.

The Erickin plain is characterized by its warm summy summer and comparatively mild winters. It fosce the garge of the Vegha River and has a good draft, which is feverable to the oreherd trees. The average annual rainfall here is 460-860 lit per eq m, which is nowhere near sufficient. Broughts are particularly severe in summer. However, thanks to artificial irrigation which was particularly intensified during the years of the people's regime, droughts of the Erichin plain no longer affect its agricultural yield. Brought has been entirely conquered. A think network of canals draws on the untere of the Yucha and Stara Bobs Rivers, and irrigates almost all the land of this fortile region.

The Erichin plain is densely populated. The largest settlements here are Erichin village (7,600 population), Erichin railroad station (over 6,000 people), and Eurtone Senare village (3,800 pepulation). The entire plain here is under sultivation. There are no grazing grounds. The Erichin population is peoply supplied with arable land. There the national average is 42 degards of arable land per Bulgarian peacent fraily, while in this plain there are only 12 decards, respectively, i.e., 3.5 times loss. About 2/3 of the land here belongs to the Farm Workers' Geoperatives, which are well run and are seeng the richest in the country. They have specialized in the production of fruit, grapes, and vegetables.

Thanks to artificial irrigation, shundant fortilizing, and the ever increasing introduction of modern agretochnical means, the

ecoporative farmers and private owners in the Brichin plain have high and stable agricultural yields. Here in large areas, 2 crops a year are harvested.

The main agricultural crops in the Erichia plain are fruit, grapes, and vegetables. In these fields the production experience of the population is very extensive, and the people's regime makes a good use of it.

Fruit growing takes first place in local agricultural production. In many settlements it accounts for half the total income of
the population. Orchards occupy only M of the arable land in Bulgaria, while here they occupy S75, and in the area of Eurteve Ennare
village orchards account for 405 of the total cultivated area. Govering
the entire Erichim plain, the orchards look like a real forest. If
you travel by rail from the Erichim railroad station to Poshtera, you
will areas wast new and old orchards near Eurteve Ennare, Neve Bele,
Erichim, Isperikheve, and Byaga villages. Here everything is hidden
by the thick forest of fruit trees. Abundant water bubbles along the
numerous canals, irrigating orderly orchards, whose trees are heavy
with fruit. At the sight of these wast orchards, one cannot fail to
realize that this plain is indeed the orchard garden of Threes.

The Erichim plain includes over 16,000 decares of orchard, and this represents more than the sum total of the orchards in the entire Enashove Chrug, and equals 80% of the orchards in the Blagovergrad Chrug. In density of fruit trees, the Erichim plain places high in comparison to other places in Bulgaria, The Prigarian average is 136 decares of orchards per 1,000 persons, while whis plain has 840 decares per 1,000, and in Eurtove Sonare village there are 740 decares, i.e., 2 decares for every 3 people.

The Brichin plain is a typical apple crehard. On a national average, only 30% of all crehards in the country are apple crehards, while here they are well of the total orehard area. The most common types of apples cultivated here are Ayvaniya, Eurtovia, Slatna Simma Parmena, etc. Here orehards are cultivated by nodern means, particularly in the Farm Verbers Cooperatives. They are abundantly irrigated and fertilized, aprayed by special mechanis, and dusted with chemicals by airplane. One airplane can dust 3,000 decares of orchards daily, thus doing the work of about 1,500 workers.

Innous. Applying modern agreecedniques, they produce 3 to 5 tons of apples per decare. The champions in this field have obtained record yields. Thus, for instance, in 1968 in Eurtone Ecnare village, the average yield for 30 decares was 9,748 kg of apples per decare, and in Byaga village 3 decares yielded 13,000 kg each. The entire plain produces about 30 to 40 million kg of apples annually. The majority of this produce is exported, another part is consumed in the country, and a part is processed in the canning combine at Erichin railroad station.

In addition to apple orchards, the Erickim plain has also a small number of peach orchards (over 700 decares), cherry orchards (350 decares), and plum orchards. In the Sms (Surshavno semadelako stpanstvo, State Farm) near Eurtove Sonare village lemons and other subtrepical fruits grow in greenhouses. The production of sour cherries and peaches must be increased in this part of the country, in view of the moods of the causing industry.

Here vine growing is also rather important, along with fruit growing. It is an old and important occupation of the population parts of the plain. Vineyards cover vast areas of the Erichim plain.

They take up about 30% of the arable land of the plain, while vineyards occupy on an average 3% of the arable land of the entire country.

Bore, under irrigation, they produce 4,000 kg of grapes per decare.

Most of the grapes are descert types, large and sweet, famous in home
and foreign markets.

A third important agricultural branch in the Erichin plain is vegetable production. It is important for export purposes, and also supplies the canning industry with raw materials. The plain ranks among the best areas in Bulgaria in production of vegetables; in particular, of early tomatoes. It includes vast vegetable gardens. In the country as a whole vegetable gardens cover only 15 of the arable land, while here such gardens occupy 13% of the arable land, i.e., more than 7 times [sie] the country's average. A great quanity of tenatoes (mostly early) are grown in Eurtovo Econare village (1200 decares), at Erichim railroad station (over 800 decares), in Novo Solo village, Kadievo village, and others. Even the sourtyards in the villages of the Erichim plain are planted with tematoes, carefully gultivated. In this respect the people have great backlog of experience. The producers are being aided by scientific workers in the field of vegetable growing, and by wisely employing Soviet experience. Great results have been achieved through the culture of tomato seedlings which can withstand a temperature of even 00 C, can be transplanted to the field early, and produces early tomatoes. For example, in 1984, in the Eurtovo Sonare village TEES (Trudovo menddhibbe kooperativno stopenetro, Farm Verbers' Geoperative) plants cultivated in the ordinary way yielded an average of 3,830 kg of early tematoes per decare and an income of 4,507 leve per decare, while plants grown by the cold

7,865 leve income nor docare. Tourises are also green in special learners pets. The Erichin plain and the other parts of the Plovdiv Chalips produce about 465 of the total yield of early tematers in Bulgaria. The production of red poppers of the Espiya type, which are processed in the canning enterprises at the Erichin railroad station, is also well developed.

Fruit growing, vineyards, and vegetable growing entirely dominate agriculture in the Erichin plain. The other agricultural branches are poorly developed here, and fail to entisty even the needs of the local population. For instance, grains eccupy only 20% of the arable land here, but they are partly sown as second erops. Usually, after the early tenatees are picked, the fields are planted with eorn, which, under irrigation in fortilized areas, yields 200 to 200 kg of grain per decare. Industrial erops and livestock breeding are pearly developed.

The Erichim plain not only has a well developed agriculture, but also a developed industry. The most important industrial center here is the Erichim railroad station. It is a new settlement, grown up around the station itself. Until the first World War, there was nothing here but several small inns. In 1836 the population was only 234 people, and in 1834, 880. Later, due to the expert and precessing of vegetables, fruit, and grapes, the population grow rapidly. In 1848 the settlement (rarged with the neighboring Polatove village) numbered 3,200 people. However, the rapid growth of industry here resulted in a population increase to over 5,000 people, and in certain seasons of the year 3,000 additional workers come from Plevddy, PanardShik, and the neighboring cities. Erichim is growing fast, and is locking more and more like a city.

- 6 -

the Sulgarian canning industry. After their nationalization, the comming enterprises which were established here between 1936 and 1943 were expanded and mederaized, becoming the Vitamina State Canning Sumbine. It processes about 25,000 tons of vegetables annually, a large part of which are supplied in the Erickim plain. The combine produces tomato pulp, cannod vegetables, jellies, preserves, sweet preserves, cannod fruits, fruit juices, cannod meat dishes, etc. — a total of about 100 different kinds.

The Erichim railroad station is an important wine production center. The Vinprom enterprise located here processes over 7,000 tons of grapes annually, and produces considerable quantities of liqueurs, wine distillation products, spirits, calcium tartrate, etc. A large modern wine cellar will be built here soon.

The Stefan Kiradshiev Cellulose and Paper Combine is the newest and largest industrial enterprise at Krichim railroad station. It is the fruit of the vital Bulgarian-Soviet friendship, and is the only Bulgarian enterprise of its kind. Large quantities of wood pulp are processed, and cellulose is made here by using numerous chemical substances and the abundant water supply coming from close-by Earst springs. The cellulose is used in the production of natron type paper, from which a special factory makes paper bags for the transportation of chemical fertilizers, coment, flour, etc. In addition, the combine includes a factory for the extraction of tannates from the barks of onk, spruce, and other trees. These tannates have much use in the Bulgarian leather industry.

With its highly developed industry and its intensive agriculture, the Erichim plain is of great importance to Bulgaria. The high quality fruit, grapes, and vegetuales, frush and conned, help to food the Bulgarian working people. In addition, a large part of the produce of this plain goes to foreign markets — the MSB, Caschoslovskin, Sermany, I Larze, well: } ... When, during the winter of 1965, I Lar 'r marrows sitiar a. ... Serman Benceratio Republic properves, joilies, cannot fruit, from streeterries, tenatoes, etc from Erichin, I was particularly proud of the degree of development of the Bulgarian canning industry, which is in large measure shown in the varied and high quality produce of the Erichin enterprises, located in the midst of one of the most fortile plains of Bulgaria.

## FIGURE COTTONS

[Page 1 original] Statch of the Erichin plain

[Page 2 original] Strawkery field in the Brichin plain

[Page 3 original] The "Vitamina" Conning Combine at the Erichin

Railroad Station